

ANNEXURE - I
PHYSICS
(Common Syllabus for all Diploma Holders in Engineering)

Unit-1: Units and Dimensions

Physical quantity-fundamental and derived physical quantities-units-fundamental and derived units-SI units-multiples and sub-multiples in SI units-advantages of SI units.

Unit-2: Elements of vectors

Scalar and vector quantities-examples-graphical representation of a vector-types of vectors-triangle law-parallellogram law and its cases.

Unit-3: Kinematics

Acceleration due to gravity.

Unit-4: Work, Power and Energy

Work, power and energy-definitions and units-potential and kinetic energies-examples and expressions-law of conservation of energy-problems.

Unit-5: Acoustics

Sound-musical sound and noise-noise pollution-Effects and methods of control of Noise Pollution-Beats and echo -Doppler effect-Explanation, cases and Applications - Reverberation-Sabines' formula- -problems.

Unit-6: Heat

Expansion of gases-Boyle's law-Absolute scale of temperature-charle's laws-Ideal gas equation-Universal gas constant and its value-SI Units-problems.

Unit-7 : Modern Physics

Photo electric effect-explanation and its laws-applications of photoelectric effect (photocell) – critical angle and total internal reflection – optical fibers - principle, working , types and applications-concept of super conductivity– its properties and applications.

ANNEXURE- II
Number of Questions to be Set Unit Wise (TOTAL 25)

UNITNO	TOPICS	MARKS
I	Units and Dimensions	02
II	Elements of Vectors	04
III	Kinematics	02
IV	Work, Power and Energy	04
V	Acoustics	05
VI	Heat	05
VII	Modern Physics	03
Total		25

ANNEXURE- III
MODEL QUESTIONS FOR PHYSICS

1. If young's modulus 'Y', surface tension 'S' and velocity 'V' are chosen as fundamental quantities, the dimensional formula for force is
 2. $Y^{-5}V^{-4}S^6$
 3. $Y^{-3}V^5S^5$
 4. $Y^{-5}V^{-4}S^5$
 5. $Y^{-3}V^{-4}S^6$
2. A balloon moves up with constant velocity 10m/s. An object is dropped from it when it is at a height of 100 m above the ground. The distance between the object and the balloon after 5sec is ($g=10\text{m/s}^2$)
 1. 120 m
 2. 125 m
 3. 100 m
 4. 150 m
3. The time period of an oscillating simple pendulum is 'T'. If its length is increased by 5 cm then the time period is 'T₁' and the time period is 'T₂' if the length is reduced by 5cm. The relationship among T, T₁, T₂
 1. $T^2 = T_1^2 + T_2^2$
 2. $T^2/2 = T_1^2 + T_2^2$
 3. $2T^2 = T_1^2 + T_2^2$
 4. $3T^2 = T_1^2 + T_2^2$
4. A gas is heated through 4 K in a closed vessel. If its pressure is increased by 0.8%, the initial temperature of the gas is
 1. 227 K
 2. 454 K
 3. 454°C
 4. 227°C
5. If light travels through two media with velocities $2.5 \times 10^8\text{m/s}$ and $2 \times 10^8\text{m/s}$ respectively, the critical angle for the combination of the two media is
 1. $\sin^{-1}(4/5)$
 2. $\sin^{-1}(3/5)$
 3. $\sin^{-1}(2/5)$
 4. $\sin^{-1}(1/5)$